



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

**of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. with the corporate
governance standards**

February 19, 2016

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ASSECO

Declaration of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. on compliance with the Corporate Governance Standards, prepared pursuant to §91 sect. 5 item 4 of the Regulation of the Minister of Finance regarding current and periodic information to be submitted by issuers of securities and conditions for recognising as equivalent information required by the laws of a non-member state, dated 19 February 2009 (Journal of Laws No. 33, item 259)

I. THE SET OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO THE ISSUER AND THE PLACE WHERE IT IS PUBLICLY AVAILABLE.

Asseco Central Europe, a. s. („the Company”) is bound by the Code of Best Practice for WSE Listed Companies (2015) adopted by a resolution of the Supervisory Board of the Warsaw Stock Exchange No. 27/1414/2015 dated 13 October 2015. Full text of the Code of Corporate Governance is available on web page <http://www.corp-gov.gpw.pl>. The report on corporate governance standards applied by Asseco Central Europe, a. s. was published in the Company’s current report No. 1/2016 of 19 February 2016 as well as in the Report on Compliance with the Corporate Governance Standards in 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014 prepared pursuant to §91 sec. 5 item 4 of the Regulation of the Minister of Finance dated 19 February 2009 published for year 2008 on 18 February, for 2009 on 11 March, for 2010 on 15 March, for 2011 on 8 March, for 2012 on 1 March, for 2013 on 4 March and for 2014 on 24 February. Furthermore, the Company made a declaration of compliance with the corporate governance standards, which has been published on our corporate website www.asseco-ce.com, in the Investor Relations section.

II. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STANDARDS WHICH HAVE BEEN PARTIALLY OR ENTIRELY WAIVED BY THE ISSUER AND THE RATIONALE FOR DOING SO.

The Company’s Board of Directors decided to abandon application of the following corporate governance rules:

I. Z.1. A company should operate a corporate website and publish on it, in a legible form and in a separate section, in addition to information required by legal regulations:

I.Z.1.2. the full names of the members of its management board and supervisory board and the professional CVs of the members of these bodies including information on the fulfilment of the criteria of independence by members of the supervisory board;

The Company adheres to this principle in limited scope.

Company’s commentary: *According to the Company’s articles of association, the principle shall apply at all times that 3 (three) out of 5 (five) members of the Supervisory Board shall be nominated by parent company, which is Company’s major shareholder Asseco Poland, S.A., and 1 (one) member of the Supervisory Board shall be nominated and elected by employees pursuant to valid legal regulations. Asseco Poland has a very similar business activities profile and potentially acceptance of this rule could be impossible or could complicate the activities of our Supervisory Board.*

I.Z.1.10. financial projections, if the company has decided to publish them, published at least in the last 5 years, including information about the degree of their implementation;

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *The Company has decided not to publish any financial forecasts.*

I.Z.1.16. information about the planned transmission of a general meeting, not later than 7 days before the date of the general meeting;

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *In accordance with the explanations provided in IV.R.2.*

II. Z. 3. At least two members of the supervisory board should meet the criteria of being independent as referred to in principle II. Z. 4.

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *In accordance with the explanations provided in II.Z.4.*

II. Z. 4. Annex II to the European Commission Recommendation 2005/162/EC of 15 February 2005 on the role of non-executive or supervisory directors of listed companies and on the committees of the (supervisory) board applies to the independence criteria of supervisory board members.

Irrespective of the provisions of point 1(b) of the said Annex, a person who is an employee of the company or its subsidiary or affiliate or has entered into a similar agreement with any of them cannot be deemed to meet the independence criteria. In addition, a relationship with a shareholder precluding the independence of a member of the supervisory board as understood in this principle is an actual and significant relationship with any shareholder who holds at least 5% of total voting rights in the company.

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *Company's Supervisory Board shall act on the basis of the laws of the Slovak Republic. According to the Company's articles of association, the principle shall apply at all times that 3 (three) out of 5 (five) members of the Supervisory Board shall be nominated by parent company, which is Company's major shareholder Asseco Poland, S.A., and 1 (one) member of the Supervisory Board shall be nominated and elected by employees pursuant to valid legal regulations. Asseco Poland has a very similar business activities profile and potentially acceptance of this rule could be impossible or could complicate the activities of our Supervisory Board.*

II. Z. 5. Each supervisory board member should provide the other members of the supervisory board as well as the company's management board with a statement of meeting the independence criteria referred to in principle II.Z.4.

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *In accordance with the explanations provided in II.Z.4.*

II. Z. 8. The chairperson of the audit committee should meet the independence criteria referred to in principle II.Z. 4.

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *In accordance with the explanations provided in II.Z.4. as the function of audit committee is in the Company performed by the supervisory board.*

II. Z. 10. In addition to its responsibilities laid down in legal regulations, the supervisory board should prepare and present to the ordinary general meeting once per year the following:

II. Z.10.1 an assessment of the company's standing including an assessment of the internal control, risk management and compliance systems and the internal audit function; such assessment should cover all significant controls, in particular financial reporting and operational controls;

The Company adheres to this principle in limited scope.

Company's commentary: *Company apply this rule in a limited scope, i.e. annual reports signed by the Management Board include information regarding evaluation of the Company's situation.*

III. Z. 6. Where the company has no separate internal audit function in its organization, the audit committee (or the supervisory board if it performs the functions of the audit committee) should review on an annual basis whether such function needs to be separated.

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *Within its organization, the Company has established a separate Internal Audit Department as well as Compliance Department.*

IV.R.2. If justified by the structure of shareholders or expectations of shareholders notified to the company, and if the company is in a position to provide the technical infrastructure necessary for a general meeting to proceed efficiently using electronic communication means, the company should enable its shareholders to participate in a general meeting using such means, in particular through:

- 1) real-time broadcast of the general meeting;
- 2) real-time bilateral communication where shareholders may take the floor during a general meeting from a location other than the general meeting;
- 3) exercise of the right to vote during a general meeting either in person or through a proxy.

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *The Company does not enable its shareholders to participate in its general meetings by using means of electronic communication, nor does it provide the ability to broadcast its general meetings in real time. In the Company's opinion, the implementation of each of these principles would now involve fairly high risks of both technical and legal nature. Allowing the shareholders to participate and, in particular, to speak during a general meeting without their physical presence at the meeting venue, by using means of electronic communication, would result in technical and legal risks for the proper and efficient conduct of such general meeting. The present legal regulations do not regulate issues related to the organization of the so-called Internet general meetings. As yet, there is no comprehensive description of the rules for conducting such general meetings, identification of shareholders or their proxies, raising an objection against a passed resolution, as well as for dealing with any broadcasting disruptions (whether to all or some shareholders entitled to participate in a general meeting) preventing the proper participation of shareholders in a general meeting by means of electronic communication, or reception of a broadcast of the general meeting proceedings in real time. Companies have not yet developed a widely accepted practice for conducting their general meetings in such a manner. Furthermore, there are no specific regulatory consequences of being responsible for the improper conduct of a general meeting, including, in particular for an interruption in electronic access to the general meeting proceedings, which may be caused either by the Company or reasons beyond its control. In the Company's opinion, the above-mentioned arguments prove that such instruments are highly risky and impractical due to potential compensatory claims against the Company as well as its exposure to allegations of unequal treatment of shareholders. The Company believes that the currently applicable rules of participation in general*

meetings enable adequate and effective execution of shareholder rights and appropriately protect the interests of all shareholders.

- IV.R.3. Where securities issued by a company are traded in different countries (or in different markets) and in different legal systems, the company should strive to ensure that corporate events related to the acquisition of rights by shareholders take place on the same dates in all the countries where such securities are traded.

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *The Company's securities are traded in Poland only.*

- IV. Z.1. Companies should set the place and date of a general meeting so as to enable the participation of the highest possible number of shareholders.

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *The Company is registered in Slovakia and its General Meetings take place in Slovakia. The possibility of some of its Polish shareholders to participate in General Meetings may be limited. In order to make this easier for its shareholders, Company plans to organize, in Poland, meetings preceding the General Meeting at a convenient time and place. These premeetings will allow all shareholders to register and discuss topics intended to be subject matter of the General Meeting. They will be able to grant powers of attorney to persons delegated by the Company to such meetings.*

- IV. Z.2. If justified by the structure of shareholders, companies should ensure publicly available real-time broadcasts of general meetings.

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *In accordance with the explanations provided in IV.R.2.*

- V. Z.2. Members of the management board or the supervisory board should notify the management board or the supervisory board, respectively, of any conflict of interest which has arisen or may arise, and should refrain from voting on a resolution on the issue which may give rise to such a conflict of interest in their case.

The Company adheres to this principle in limited scope.

Company's commentary: *Company applies this rule in a limited scope, i.e. its major shareholder, Asseco Poland is entitled to designate three out of five members of the Supervisory Board. One Supervisory Board member is appointed by our employees. For these reasons, the Management Board is not able to ensure compliance with this rule.*

- VI.R.3. If the supervisory board has a remuneration committee, principle II.Z.7 applies to its activities.

This principle is not applicable to the Company.

Company's commentary: *The Company has not established any remuneration committee.*

- VI. Z.1. Incentive schemes should be constructed in a way necessary among others to tie the level of remuneration of members of the company's management board and key managers to the actual long-term financial standing of the company and long-term shareholder value creation as well as the company's stability.

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *The Company does not operate any incentive scheme based on options or other instruments linked to the Company's shares. However, in line with the Company's remuneration policy, the level of remuneration can*

depend on financial performance that is determined separately for each year. The achievement of financial targets set by the Company contributes to the generation of high net profits and real growth in shareholder value, enabling the Company to pay out dividends to its shareholders.

- VI. Z.2. To tie the remuneration of members of the management board and key managers to the company's long-term business and financial goals, the period between the allocation of options or other instruments linked to the company's shares under the incentive scheme and their exercisability should be no less than two years.

The Company does not adhere to this principle.

Company's commentary: *The Company does not operate any incentive scheme based on options or other instruments linked to the Company's shares. However, in line with the Company's remuneration policy, the level of remuneration can depend on financial performance that is determined separately for each year. The achievement of financial targets set by the Company contributes to the generation of high net profits and real growth in shareholder value, enabling the Company to pay out dividends to its shareholders.*

- VI. Z.4. In the report on its operations, the company should provide information on the remuneration policy including at least the following:

- 1) general information about the company's remuneration system;
- 2) information about the conditions and amounts of remuneration of each management board member broken down by fixed and variable remuneration components, including the key parameters of setting the variable remuneration components and the terms of payment of severance allowances and other amounts due on termination of employment, contract or other similar legal relationship, separately for the company and each member of its group;
- 3) information about non-financial remuneration components due to each management board member and key manager;
- 4) significant amendments of the remuneration policy in the last financial year or information about their absence;
- 5) assessment of the implementation of the remuneration policy in terms of the achievement of its goals, in particular long-term shareholder value creation and the company's stability.

The Company adheres to this principle in limited scope.

Company's commentary: *The Company fully adopted rules for the remuneration of the members of the management applied within the Asseco Group. Both financial and non-financial remuneration components need to be approved by its Supervisory Board, as stipulated by the Slovak legal regulation, when the Company is registered. Total amounts of the remuneration are disclosed on the basis of the regulations in force in the Slovak Republic.*

III. MAIN FEATURES OF THE INTERNAL AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS APPLIED BY THE ISSUER IN THE PROCESS OF PREPARING ITS SEPARATE AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The Company's separate and consolidated financial statements are prepared in compliance with the International Accounting Standards ("IAS") as well as the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Both IAS and IFRS include interpretations approved by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

One of the key control mechanisms in the process of preparing the Company's financial statements involves periodical verification of such financial statements by an independent certified auditors, and in particular the review of semi-annual financial statements as well as the preliminary and final audits of annual financial statements.

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Certified auditors are selected by the Company in such a way as to ensure that their entrusted tasks are performed impartially. For the sake of such impartiality, the Company changes the entity authorized to audit its financial statements at least once every five years. The change of certified auditors should be also understood as changing the individual carrying out the audit. Certified auditors are each year selected by the Supervisory Board from among reputable auditing firms, which can guarantee high standards of service and independence. Auditing agreements are concluded for one-year periods.

In order to ensure accuracy of the Company's accounting books as well as generation of highly reliable financial data, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the following documents:

1. Company Organizational Regulations,
2. Accounting Policy and Chart of Accounts, both consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards,
3. Quality Management System ISO 9001:2000,
4. Numerous internal procedures regulating the Company's operations with significant exposure to risk.

Quality of the accounting data, which provide basis for the preparation of financial statements, is additionally guaranteed by the fact that the Company's accounting books are maintained in an integrated ERP system.

The Audit Committee, established from among Members of the Supervisory Board, plays an important role in internal control of the preparation of separate and consolidated financial statements. This committee is entitled to perform financial auditing activities within the company and in particular to:

- monitor the financial reporting process;
- monitor efficiency of the internal control, internal audit and risk management systems;
- monitor performance of the financial audit activities;
- monitor independence of the certified auditor as well as of the entity authorized to audit financial statements.

The internal control and risk management procedures applied in the process of preparing the financial statements of Asseco Central Europe are very effective and enable production of high quality reports, which is best proved by the opinions issued by certified auditors following their audits of the Company's annual financial statements.

IV. SHAREHOLDERS WHO, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, HOLD SIGNIFICANT STAKES OF SHARES INCLUSIVE OF THE NUMBERS OF SHARES AND EQUITY INTERESTS HELD, AND THE NUMBERS OF VOTES AND VOTING INTERESTS THEY ARE ENTITLED TO AT THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

To the best knowledge of the Company's Board of Directors, as at the publication date of this report, i.e. at 19 February 2016, the Shareholders who, either directly or through their subsidiaries, held at least 5% of the total votes at the General Meeting of Shareholders were as follows:

Shareholder	Number of shares	Number of votes	% share
Asseco Poland	19,973,096	19,973,096	93.51

V. HOLDERS OF ANY SECURITIES CARRYING SPECIAL RIGHTS WITH REGARD TO CONTROL OF THE COMPANY AND DESCRIPTION OF SUCH RIGHTS.

None

VI. LIMITATIONS ON THE EXERCISE OF VOTING RIGHTS, SUCH AS LIMITATIONS ON VOTING BY HOLDERS OF A CERTAIN PORTION OR NUMBER OF VOTES, TIMING LIMITATIONS ON VOTING, OR OTHER PROVISIONS UNDER WHICH, IN COOPERATION WITH THE COMPANY, OWNERSHIP OF SECURITIES IS DEPRIVED OF SOME RIGHTS INCIDENTAL THERETO.

None

VII. LIMITATIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY OF OWNERSHIP RIGHTS TO THE ISSUER'S SECURITIES.

None

VIII. RULES REGARDING APPOINTMENT AND DISMISSAL OF THE MANAGEMENT MEMBERS AND DETERMINING THEIR AUTHORITY, IN PARTICULAR THE RIGHT TO DECIDE ON ISSUANCE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES.

The Board of Directors is the statutory body that manages the Company and acts on its behalf. Two members of the Board of Directors acting jointly are entitled to represent the Company. The Board of Directors decides all matters related to the operations of the Company unless the matter lies within the competence of the General Meeting or the Supervisory Board. Any 2 (two) members of the Board of Directors shall act jointly on behalf of the Company in all of the Company's matters towards third parties.

Members of the Board of Directors are elected for the period of 5 (five) years and recalled by the Supervisory Board of the Company. The Supervisory Board shall at the same time determine which of the members of the Board of Directors shall be the Chairman of the Board of Directors. If in accordance with the Articles of Association the Supervisory Board fails to elect/recall the member(s) of the Board of Directors or to appoint the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the General Meeting shall elect/recall members of the Board of Directors, appoint the Chairman of the Board of Directors in accordance with the Articles of Association. A repeated election is possible.

IX. RULES REGARDING AMENDMENT OF THE ISSUER'S ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Commercial Code (Journal of Laws No. 513/1991) applicable in the Slovak Republic regulates the formal requirements for change of the Articles of Association in joint stock companies under § 173 and 174. Articles of Association of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. does not provide specific provisions governing the amendment of the Articles of Association, i.e. the Company applies the provisions of the Commercial Code in force in the Slovak Republic (Commercial Code), according to which a change of the Company

Articles of Association requires a resolution of general meeting and the introduction of new wording to the Registrar of District Court Bratislava I.

If the general meeting agenda includes a change of the Articles of Association, the notice of general meeting must include at least a summary of the proposed changes. The draft amendments to the Articles of Association must be made available to shareholders for inspection at the premises of the company within a general meeting. The resolution of the general assembly to amend the Articles of Association requires a two-thirds of shareholders present at a general meeting and a notarial record must be prepared. After any change to the Articles of Association of the Board shall be obliged to prepare the full text of the Articles of Association and is responsible for its completeness and correctness.

X. THE MANNER OF OPERATION AND ESSENTIAL AUTHORITIES OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS, DESCRIPTION OF THE SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND THE EXERCISE THEREOF, AND IN PARTICULAR THE RULES SET FORTH BY THE BYLAWS OF THE GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS PROVIDED SUCH BYLAWS HAVE BEEN ADOPTED, UNLESS SUCH INFORMATION IS DETERMINED DIRECTLY BY THE PROVISIONS OF LAW.

The General Meeting shall be the supreme body of the Company. All shareholders and/or their proxies authorized under power of attorney, as well as other persons/entities shall have the right to participate in the General Meeting in compliance with provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company.

Members of the Board of Directors and the Supervisory Board shall attend the General Meeting. The General Meeting shall be held at least once per year and it shall be convened by the Board of Directors.

The General Meeting shall usually take place in Bratislava in the Company's registered seat. The General Meeting may be also held in another place determined by the Board of Directors during convocation of the General Meeting.

The Extraordinary General Meeting may be convened if the Company's interests require so, or in cases provided for by the generally binding legal regulations and/or the Articles of Association. The General Meeting shall be convened by the Board of Directors by publishing a notice of the General Meeting at least 30 (thirty) days before the date of the General Meeting in nationally circulated periodicals publishing news from the stock exchange.

In respect of difference in laws regulating operation of joint-stock company within two different systems of law, that means difference between Slovak laws, by which is regulated operation of the Company and Polish law regulating rules of trading with shares of the Company at Warsaw Stock Exchange, and for the purpose of explanation of these laws, the Board of Directors can call before each General Meeting an informational meeting of shareholders (further just „informational meeting“), which can happen in Bratislava and/or in Warszawa.

Informational meeting takes place not earlier than 5 and not later than 1 business day before the date of the General Meeting. The right of the shareholder to attend the General Meeting is checked upon an extract of the shareholder's account led by the member of Central Securities Depository in the Slovak Republic or by the member of foreign central depository, which has proprietor's account led in Central Securities Depository in the Slovak Republic, made out on the determining date in accordance with Articles of Association. The original extract from the shareholder's account must be in Slovak or English language in case it will be delivered directly by the depository (bank) to the address of Asseco Central Europe. In the event that the extract is delivered to the Shareholders' Meeting directly by the shareholder within the time specified in the invitation, it must be certified by a notary translation into Slovak language.

The shareholder may exercise its rights at the General Meeting either in person or through a proxy authorized under a written power of attorney. A shareholder's proxy authorized under a power of attorney may not be a member of the Supervisory Board of the Company. During registration for the General Meeting the shareholders shall present the documents listed further below in order to allow for verification of their right to participate in the General Meeting:

I.

Original or officially authenticated copy from the extract of the shareholder's account led by the member of the Central Securities Depository in the Slovak Republic or by the member of foreign central depository, which has proprietor's account led in the Central Securities Depository in the Slovak Republic, made out on the determining date in accordance with the Articles of Association.

and

II.

(a) if the shareholder is an individual:

- a valid ID Card or a valid passport or another document replacing the above documents;

(b) if the shareholder is a legal entity:

- an original or an officially verified copy of the Excerpt from the Commercial Register not older than 3 (three) months, stating the situation of a shareholder - the legal entity valid at the time of the General Meeting, and
- its statutory body; members of the statutory body authorized to act in the name of the Company who are attending the General Meeting shall submit a valid ID Card or a valid passport or another document replacing the above documents;

(c) a proxy – an individual:

- an original or an officially verified copy of the power of attorney with an officially verified signature of a shareholder, if he/she is an individual, or with an officially verified signature of statutory body or members of a statutory body authorized to act on behalf of the shareholder if it is a legal entity;
- a valid ID Card or a valid passport or another document replacing the above documents; and
- if the proxy represents a shareholder – a legal entity – also an original or an officially verified copy of the Excerpt from the Commercial Register in respect of the shareholder not older than three (3) months, stating the situation of a shareholder - the legal entity valid at the time of the General Meeting.

(d) a proxy – a legal entity – represented by its statutory body:

- an original or an officially verified copy of the power of attorney with an officially verified signature of a shareholder, if he/she is an individual, or with an officially verified signature of statutory body or members of a statutory body authorized to act on behalf of the shareholder if it is a legal entity;
- an original or an officially verified copy of the Excerpt from the Commercial Register not older than three (3) months, stating the situation of a shareholder - the legal entity valid at the time of the General Meeting,
- a valid ID Card or a valid passport or another document replacing the above documents of the statutory representative of the proxy; and
- if the proxy represents a shareholder – a legal entity – also an original or an officially verified copy of the Excerpt from the Commercial Register not older than three (3)

months, stating the situation of a shareholder - the legal entity valid at the time of the General Meeting.

The official language of the General Meeting is the Slovak. If a shareholder needs a translation into a foreign language, it must be provided by the shareholder at the shareholder's costs.

The General Meeting decide about all questions by two-thirds vote majority of present shareholders, except cases, when the generally binding legal acts require higher number of votes of shareholders (more).

The number of a shareholder's votes shall depend on the nominal value of shares held by such shareholder. Each share with a nominal value of 0.033194 EUR shall represent one vote.

Minutes must be taken from every General Meeting in respect of its course.

The following issues shall be entrusted in the scope of competence of the General Meeting:

- (a) amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company,
- (b) deciding on increase and decrease in the registered capital, on authorization of the Board of Directors to increase the registered capital pursuant to Section 210 of the Commercial Code and to issue bond
- (c) selection and recalling of members of the Board of Directors, including appointment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, provided that the Supervisory Board does not decide on election/recalling of members of the Board of Directors, including appointment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors pursuant to Article of Associations,
- (d) election and recalling of members of the Supervisory Board, except for the members of the Supervisory Board elected and recalled pursuant to Section 200 of the Commercial Code by employees of the Company,
- (e) approval of the Annual and Extraordinary Financial Statements, deciding on distribution of profit or payment for losses and determining the royalties,
- (f) deciding on transformation of the nature of securities issued as certificated securities into book-entry securities and vice-versa, if allowed by the generally binding legal regulations,
- (g) deciding on winding-up of the Company and on a change in its legal form,
- (h) deciding on termination of registration of the Company's shares for trading at the Stock Exchange and deciding on Company's ceasing to exist as a public joint-stock company,
- (i) approval of directives applicable to remuneration of members of the Company's bodies,
- (j) deciding on approval of an Agreement on transfer of the enterprise or Agreement on transfer of a part of the enterprise,
- (k) deciding on change of type of the Company's shares issued as registered shares to bearer shares and vice-versa;
- (l) deciding on division (split off) of the Company's shares into shares with lower nominal value;
- (m) deciding on further questions that the law or the Articles of Associations put under the scope of competence of the General Meeting or that the General Meeting acquires into its scope of competence by its resolution.

Other provisions of the course and organization of the meetings of the shareholders meeting, its activities and the other issues are part of the appropriate provisions of the Commercial Code and Articles of Associations of the Company.

XI. COMPOSITIONS, LAST YEAR CHANGES IN THE COMPOSITIONS, AND OPERATIONS OF THE ISSUER'S MANAGEMENT, SUPERVISORY AND ADMINISTRATIVE BODIES AND THEIR COMMITTEES.

THE SUPERVISORY BOARD

The Supervisory Board is the inspection body of the Company which supervises how the Board of Directors exercises its range of powers and how the business activity of the Company is conducted. The Supervisory Board shall have 5 (five) members. The term of office of the members of the Supervisory Board shall be five (5) years.

Members of the Supervisory Board shall be elected and recalled by the General Meeting. The principle shall apply at all times that 3 (three) members of the Supervisory Board shall be nominated by Asseco Poland, S.A., with its registered office in Rzeszów, Olchowa 14, 35-322 Rzeszów, the Republic of Poland, registered in the Register of Entrepreneurs of the National Court Register held by the District Court in Rzeszów, XII Commercial Division of the National Court Register under the KRS number 0000104838 and 1 (one) member of the Supervisory Board shall be nominated and elected by employees pursuant to valid legal regulations.

The range of powers and duties of the Supervisory Board shall include, in particular, without limitation:

- review of the Annual and Extraordinary Financial Statements of the Company;
- review and evaluation of the Reports of the Board of Directors on the activity and position of the Company and the companies controlled by it, as well as review and evaluation of proposals of the Board of Directors for distribution of profit and/or covering of losses;
- approval of annual budget of the Company;
- submission of a written report on results of the aforementioned reviews at the General Meeting;
- approval of rules for remuneration of members of the Board of Directors of the Company;
- convocation of General Meetings of the Company in compliance with the conditions set forth by the Commercial Code and these Articles of Association;
- other issues entrusted to the competence of the Supervisory Board by legal regulations and/or other provisions of these Articles of Association;
- election and recalling of members of the Board of Directors, including appointment of the Chairman of the Board of Directors;
- granting approval with procuration granted by the Board of Directors of the Company;
- approval for the Company to take/provide loans and credits, the value of which exceeds the value of the registered capital in one transaction or in whole series of connected transactions or, as the case may be, a corresponding value of this amount in other currencies, which have not been taken into account in the financial budget of the Company, or which have not been approved by a resolution of the General Meeting or of the Supervisory Board;
- approval of a sale and purchase of real estate property by the Company, including co-ownership interests in the real estate property regardless of the value of the title to the real estate property to be acquired or transferred, which have not been taken into account in the financial budget of the Company;

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- granting approval with disposition of costs, including investment costs of the Company, in the amount exceeding ten times the value of the registered capital in one transaction or in a series of connected transactions or, as the case may be, the corresponding value of this amount in other currencies, which have not been taken into account in the financial budget of the Company;
- provision of any guarantees, security interests, any out-of-balance sheet obligations, acceptance of liability for damage which have not been taken into account in the financial budget of the Company;
- granting approval with establishment or creation of an easement on any part of the real estate property of the Company, which has not been listed in the financial budget of the Company,
- approval of a purchase or any other acquisition of ownership interests of other companies, shares, with entrance of the Company into other business companies, associations of legal entities, foundations or other investment funds;
- approval of sale of assets of the Company, the value of which exceeds 10% (ten percent) of the book value of the assets of the Company based on the last financial statements verified by an independent auditor, the sale of which has not been taken into account in the financial budget of the Company;
- granting approval with entering into agreements between the Company and members of the Board of Directors of the Company, the Supervisory Board of the Company, shareholders of the Company or, as the case may be, Dependent Entities or entities connected through capital or personally with members of the Board of Directors, members of the Supervisory Board or shareholders;
- granting approval with the acquisition and subsequent use of a specific amount of treasury shares within the total amount of treasury shares that the Company is entitled to acquire based on the prior decision of the General Meeting.

Other provisions of the course and organization of the meetings of the supervisory board, its activities and the other issues are part of the appropriate provisions of the Commercial Code and Articles of Associations of the Company.

There were following members of the Supervisory Board of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. as at 31 December 2015:

Name and Surname	Position	Period
Adam Tadeusz Góral	Chairman	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
Andrej Košári	Vice-Chairman	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
Ján Handlovský	Member (elected by employees)	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
Marek Paweł Panek	Member	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
Przemysław Sęczkowski	Member	1.1.2015-31.12.2015

There were following members of the Supervisory Board of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. as at 19 February 2016:

Name and Surname	Position	Period
Adam Tadeusz Góral	Chairman	1.1.2016-present
Andrej Košári	Vice-Chairman	1.1.2016-present
Ján Handlovský	Member (elected by employees)	1.1.2016-present
Marek Paweł Panek	Member	1.1.2016-present
Przemysław Sęczkowski	Member	1.1.2015- present

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors is the statutory body of the Company which manages all the activity of the Company, acts on its behalf and represents it in legal acts. The Board of Directors decides all matters of the Company unless they fall within the powers of the General Meeting or the Supervisory Board pursuant to legal regulations or these Articles of Association.

The Board of Directors adopts a decision by majority of all votes of its present members.

The Board of Directors shall in particular, without limitation, to:

- a) ensure proper management of the Company's accounting and submit to the General Meeting for approval the Company's annual or extraordinary financial statements and a proposal for distribution of profit or covering of the Company's losses,
- b) together with the annual financial statements, submit to the General Meeting once a year a report on the business activities of the Company and the state of its assets and liabilities; this report shall form an integral part of the annual report prepared according to special regulations,
- c) submit to the Supervisory Board once a year information on fundamental intentions of the business management of the Company for the future period as well as the expected development of the state of assets and liabilities, finances and proceeds of the Company,
- d) upon request and within the term determined by the Supervisory Board submit a written report on the state of the business activity and assets and liabilities of the Company as compared with the expected development,
- e) inform the Supervisory Board without undue delay about all facts which may substantially influence the development of the business activity and the state of assets and liabilities of the Company, in particular its liquidity,
- f) upon request of the Supervisory Board, participate in meetings of the Supervisory Board and give its members additional information in the requested scope about submitted written reports,
- g) convene an extraordinary General Meeting without undue delay if it finds out that the Company's loss has exceeded one third of its registered capital or if this can be expected, and submit to the General Meeting proposals for measures; the Board of Directors shall also inform the Supervisory Board without undue delay about these facts,
- h) exercise its range of powers with due diligence and in accordance with interests of the Company and all its shareholders. In particular, it shall obtain and take into account all accessible information concerning the subject matter of decision-making, not to disclose business secret and confidential information and facts to third parties, if such disclosure

might be detrimental to the Company or threaten interests of the Company and its shareholders. The obligation to keep confidential shall apply also after the expiration of the term of office of a member of the Board of Directors until such information becomes generally known,

- i) ensure publication of data from financial statements verified by an auditor in accordance with Act on Accounting at the cost of the Company by publishing them in Commercial Bulletin,
- j) submit all documents prescribed by law to the collection of deeds maintained by the relevant Commercial Register and submit motions for entry/change of entry of all data to be registered with the Commercial Register, and that within 30 days as of their occurrence,
- k) with a prior consent of the Supervisory Board adopt principles for founding of a new company with an interest of the Company or acquisition of an interest in an existing company, as well as establishment of its branch office in the Slovak Republic or abroad,
- l) observe provisions of relevant generally binding legal regulations, Articles of Association of the Company and decisions of its bodies;
- m) executes budget of the Company, submits it for the approval of the Supervisory Board and after obtaining of an approval is responsible for its fulfillment.

Other provisions of the course and organization of the meetings of the Board of Directors, its activities and the other issues are part of the appropriate provisions of the Commercial Code and Articles of Associations of the Company.

There were following members of the Board of Directors of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. as at 31 December 2015:

Name and Surname	Position	Period
Jozef Klein	Chairman	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
Marek Grác	Vice-Chairman	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
David Stoppani	Member	1.1.2015-31.12.2015
Branislav Tkáčik	Member	10.2.2015-31.12.2015

The Supervisory Board of the Company appointed Mr. Branislav Tkáčik as the Member of the Board of Directors. The voting took place on 27 January 2015 in accordance with Article 33.3 of the Statutes of the Company, referring to voting per rollam. Appointment came into effect on 10 February 2015.

There were following members of the Board of Directors of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. as at 19 February 2016:

Name and Surname	Position	Period
Jozef Klein	Chairman	1.1.2016-present
Marek Grác	Vice-Chairman	1.1.2016-present
David Stoppani	Member	1.1.2016-present
Branislav Tkáčik	Member	1.1.2016-present

PROCURATION

According to Article 14 of Slovak Commercial Code (Journal of Laws No. 513/1991) the Board of Directors of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. pursuant its resolutions decided on granting procuration to following persons:

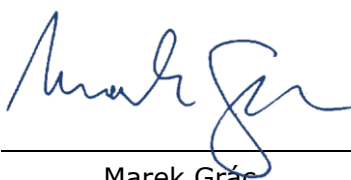
Martin Smutný
Michal Navrátil

According to Article of 34.2. a) the Supervisory Board of Asseco Central Europe, a. s. by its resolution has approved procuration granted by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Procurist acts on behalf of Company on its own, and when he signs the documents he shall state the commercial name of the Company, his name and in an addendum indicate his procuration, and attach his signature.



Jozef Klein
Chairman of the Board
of Directors



Marek Grác
Vice-Chairman of the
Board of Directors



David Stoppani
Member of the Board of
Directors



Branislav Tkáčik
Member of the Board of
Directors